

B.Com./B.Sc..B.Com.(Hons.) (Part I) EXAMINATION, 2016

UOKonline.com (Compulsory Paper)

GENERAL ENGLISH

Time Allowed : Two Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Attempt all questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Mark the correct voice of answer (A/B/C/D) by blackening the relevant circle fully with H.B. Pencil on O.M.R. Sheet.

1. Who is the writer of the story 'Mark of Vishnu' ?
(A) Premchand (B) Sarat Chandra
(C) Tagore (D) Khushwant Singh
2. Gunga Ram pours milk into a saucer everyday for a
(A) Cat (B) Dog (C) Kala Nag (D) Rabbit
3. Gunga Ram was most devoted to
(A) Brahma (B) Vishnu (C) Siva (D) None of these
4. The zamindar of Kashipur was UOKonline.com
(A) Kind (B) Generous (C) Poor (D) Ruthless
5. The children of the household put the cobra in a
(A) Bucket (B) Almirah (C) Biscuit-tin (D) Dustbin
6. Gafur was a
(A) Farmer (B) Weaver (C) Carpenter (D) None of these
7. The name of the bull in the story 'Drought' is
(A) Suresh (B) Ganesh (C) Mahesh (D) Ramesh
8. Amina is Gafur's
(A) Daughter (B) Sister (C) Wife (D) Mother
9. The name of the zamindar in the story is

UOKonline.com

- (A) Mohan (B) Sitaram (C) Shibu Babu (D) Rakesh
10. 'Vision for 2020' is written by UOKonline.com
(A) Lewis Carroll (B) Mahatma Gandhi
(C) Tagore (D) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
11. According to Kalam, a nation is more important to any
(A) Individual (B) Party (C) Religion (D) All of these
12. The first vision for the nation resulted in
(A) Freedom in 1947 (B) Improvement in literacy
(C) Improvement in technology
(D) Improvement in agricultural products
13. Who declared in his Independence Day Address from the Red Fort on August 15, 2002 that India would become a developed nation by 2020 ?
(A) Jawahar Lal Nehru (B) Manmohan Singh
(C) Rajeev Gandhi (D) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
14. After Independence, India looked forward to development through UOKonline.com
(A) One year plan (B) Three year plan
(C) Seven year plan (D) Five year plan
15. What, according to C. V. Raman, is the elixir of life ?
(A) Milk (B) Water (C) Juice (D) Tea
16. Munshi Premchand was named by his parents as
(A) Vinod Rai Srivastava (B) Dhanpat Rai Srivastava
(C) Hari Mohan Srivastava (D) Ram Mohan Srivastava
17. Who is Tarakratna in the story 'The Drought' ?
(A) a farmer (B) a priest (C) a teacher (D) a doctor
18. Gafur could not take the bull out to graze because he was
(A) Idle (B) Ill (C) Inactive (D) None of these
19. Mahesh, the bull ate up the flowers and the corn of
(A) Gafur (B) Bansi (C) Tarakratna (D) The landlord
20. According to Dr. Kalam, what is necessary for the happiness, peace and prosperity of a nation ?
(A) Evolution of spiritual forces (B) Economic prosperity
(C) Military strength (D) All of these
21. Elixir means UOKonline.com
(A) a substance believed to cure all ills
(B) a hypothetical substance capable of changing base metals into gold
(C) a sweet liquid used in medicines
(D) all of the above
22. The name of Gangu's wife is
(A) Gomati (B) Parvati (C) Mohini (D) Radha
23. When Gangu's wife comes back to him, Gangu

- (A) rejects her (B) asks her to go back
(C) feels annoyed (D) accepts her
24. When the narrator comes to know about Gangu's decision to marry Gomati, he is **UOKonline.com**
(A) Happy (B) Unhappy (C) Jealous (D) Enthusiastic
25. Barin Bhowmick is a
(A) Dancer (B) Singer (C) Painter (D) Writer
26. Barin Bhowmick found missing from his bag
(A) A whole carton of cigarettes (B) A pair of binoculars
(C) A wallet (D) All of these
27. Barin Bhowmick suffered from the ailment called
(A) Kleptomania (B) Apemania
(C) Callomania (D) Cheromania
28. Barin Bhowmick stole the watch of
(A) Mohak Chakravarty (B) Pulak Chakravarty
(C) Raman Chakravarty (D) Mohan Chakravarty
29. Barin Bhowmick travelled to Patna to attend
(A) A conference (B) A consort **UOKonline.com**
(C) The wedding of his cousin (D) None of these
30. Water is indispensable to
(A) Human life (B) Plants (C) Animals (D) All of these
31. C. V. Raman compares water to
(A) Nectar (B) Milk (C) Food (D) Fruit-juice
32. The land where silt is deposited is usually
(A) Very fertile (B) Marshy (C) Barren (D) Unproductive
33. Soil erosion results in the formation of
(A) Deep gullies (B) Ravines
(C) Ruts (D) All of these
34. Who invited Barin to sing in the puja pandal in Unish Palli ?
(A) Nitish (B) Bhola Banerjee
(C) Pulak Chakravarti (D) Somkesh Banerjee
35. Moisture in the soil for the life and growth of plants is
(A) Important (B) Not important
(C) Harmful (D) Damaging
36. Jai Nimbkar is a
(A) Novelist and short story writer
(B) Playwright (C) Poet
(D) Singer **UOKonline.com**
37. Jai Nimbkar writes in
(A) English (B) English and Marathi
(C) Hindi and English (D) Urdu and English

38. Abdul Kalam specialized in
(A) Aeronautical engineering (B) Mechanical engineering
(C) Civil engineering (D) Automobiles
39. The cobra bit **UOKonline.com**
(A) The four brothers (B) The teacher
(C) Gunga Ram (D) The students
40. Towards the end, Gafur decides to work at a
(A) Jute mill (B) Oil mill (C) Wind mill (D) Cotton factory
UOKonline.com

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below it :
Tagore was a man of extraordinary vision and progressive thinking. Spiritualism and rationalism were reconciled in Tagore. He had the visionary power of seeing the future in the seeds of the present events. In his book 'Nationalism', published in 1916, Tagore expressed his concerns about the dangers of religious fanaticism and racism which caused the most destructive wars in the history of the world. He was a seer who foresaw the destructive and dangerous effect of science and technologies on man and nature. Machines, he had predicted, would dominate man and destroy the beauty of nature and fine human qualities. Tagore's prophecies have to a great extent, come true.

The basic difference between the West and the East was clearly perceived by Tagore. Materialism characterizes the western civilization whereas the East is dominated by spiritualism. Tagore had known and prophesied it. However, he was optimistic of the mutual cultural enrichment through the association between the West and the East. Another important quality of Tagore as a thinker was revealed in his crusade against many superstitious beliefs of the Indians. He spoke out against caste discriminations which 'divided the Indian society. It required courage, intellectual as well as spiritual, to fight against the age-old customs such as child marriage and casteism. All this was possible because he was a thinker who thought and acted ahead of his own time.

41. Tagore had the visionary power to see the future in
(A) The seeds of the present events
(B) Western Civilization (C) Literary and social works
(D) His books **UOKonline.com**
42. Tagore expressed his concerns about the dangers of religious fanaticism and racism in his book
(A) Materialism (B) Nationalism
(C) Racism (D) Casteism
43. Tagore clearly perceived the basic difference between
(A) Child marriage and casteism
(B) Progressive thinking and spirituality

- (C) Culture and tradition (D) The West and the East
44. Which word in the passage means "Violent enthusiasm" in religion?
 (A) Sentiments (B) Spiritualism
 (C) Fanaticism (D) Crusade **UOKonline.com**
45. Which of the following divides the Indian society?
 (A) Western civilization (B) Intellectual division
 (C) Caste discrimination (D) Unprogressive thinking
46. What characterizes Western civilization?
 (A) Racism (B) Materialism
 (C) Superstitious beliefs (D) Optimism
47. Tagore's prophecies have, to a great extent, come
 (A) Known (B) Out (C) True (D) Through
48. Tagore's crusade was against
 (A) Superstitious beliefs (B) Child marriage
 (C) Age-old customs (D) Rationalism
49. Crusade means **UOKonline.com**
 (A) Campaign (B) Cause
 (C) Movement (D) All of these
50. Opposite of spiritualism is
 (A) Optimism (B) Pessimism
 (C) Positivism (D) Materialism
51. According to Tagore, East is dominated by
 (A) Rationalism (B) Materialism
 (C) Racism (D) Spiritualism
52. 'Reconciled' means
 (A) Accommodate (B) Harmonize
 (C) Conciliate (D) All of these
53. As used in the passage, 'prophesised' means
 (A) Revealed (B) Predicted (C) Concealed (D) Held back
54. Superstition is a/an
 (A) Irrational belief arising from ignorance
 (B) Racial belief (C) Rational belief
 (D) Belief in tradition **UOKonline.com**
55. Tagore was optimistic of the mutual cultural enrichment through
 (A) Exchange of goods
 (B) The association between the West and the East
 (C) Nationalism (D) All of the above
56. What was the destructive and dangerous effect that Tagore foresaw on man and nature?
 (A) Effect of science and technology
 (B) Effect of wars in the history of the world

- (C) Cultural enrichment
 (D) Materialism **UOKonline.com**
57. Tagore was a
 (A) Progressive thinker (B) Visionary
 (C) Reformist (D) All of these
58. Machines the beauty of nature.
 (A) Enhance (B) Destroy (C) Enrich (D) All of these
59. What were reconciled in Tagore?
 (A) Materialism and spiritualism (B) Rationalism and spiritualism
 (C) Optimism and spiritualism (D) Materialism and optimism
60. To fight against the age-old customs is required
 (A) Spiritual courage (B) Intellectual courage
 (C) Spiritual and intellectual courage
 (D) None of the above **UOKonline.com**
61. Can't you walk faster?
 (A) Some (B) Little (C) A little (D) Somewhat
62. If you interfere with.... nature, you will suffer for it.
 (A) any (B) zero article (C) the (D) a
63. My uncle tomorrow.
 (A) is arriving (B) arrived (C) has arrived (D) had arrived
64. They said that they be late.
 (A) May (B) Might (C) Should (D) Must
65. He is..... M.P.
 (A) the (B) an (C) zero article (D) any
66. Measles be quite dangerous.
 (A) will (B) can (C) should (D) would
67. A few people knew the answer,?
 (A) did they (B) had they (C) didn't they (D) hadn't they
68. We must expenses or we will be getting into debt.
 (A) cut up (B) cut away (C) Cut down (D) Cut off
69. The wind the candle.
 (A) blew away (B) blew out (C) blow away (D) blown out
70. She is a student,?
 (A) is she (B) is she not (C) isn't she (D) was she
71. He became a doctor,?
 (A) did he (B) did he not (C) didn't he (D) was he
72. Mahesh isn't here,?
 (A) isn't he (B) is he (C) he is (D) he is not
73. We respect our elders? **UOKonline.com**
 (A) will (B) should (C) could (D) can
74. The cat jumped the wall.

- (A) upon (B) on (C) across (D) along
75. I shall go Delhi two weeks.
(A) to, about (B) away, for (C) in, to (D) to, for
76. He was waiting the end of the street.
(A) in (B) at (C) across (D) after
77. She says, "I am very sorry." **UOKonline.com**
(A) She said that she was very sorry.
(B) She says that she has been very sorry.
(C) She says that she is very sorry.
(D) She was saying sorry.
78. She is interviewing Krishna and Kumar.
(A) Krishna and Kumar are being interviewed by her.
(B) Krishna and Kumar are interviewing her.
(C) Krishna and Kumar were interviewed by her.
(D) Krishna is being interviewed by her and Kumar.
79. He said, "I have my own choice".
(A) He told that he had his own choice.
(B) He said that he had his own choice.
(C) He said that he have his own choice.
(D) He said that I had my own choice. **UOKonline.com**
80. They accused him theft.
(A) with (B) for (C) of (D) in
81. Iraq was illegally invaded by America and England for oil.
(A) They illegally invaded Iraq for oil.
(B) America illegally invaded Iraq for oil.
(C) America and England illegally invaded Iraq for oil.
(D) America and England have illegally invaded Iraq for oil.
82. Preeti said, "Sapru is at home now."
(A) Preeti said that Sapru was at home then.
(B) Preeti said that Sapru is at home now.
(C) Preeti told that Sapru is at home now.
(D) Preeti asked that Sapru is at home now.
83. His pocket has been picked.
(A) They have his pocket picked.
(B) Picking has been done to his pocket.
(C) Picked has been done to his pocket.
(D) Someone has picked his pocket.
84. I here since 1970. **UOKonline.com**
(A) had been living (B) was living
(C) am living (D) have been living

85. When she entered the cinema, the film
(A) started (B) had started (C) has started (D) will start
86. How long he take ?
(A) must (B) will (C) shall (D) should
87. He all that is required.
(A) have done (B) has done (C) did (D) did not
88. She was so weak that she not stand.
(A) can (B) could (C) must (D) will
89. I swim.
(A) will (B) can (C) ought (D) must
90. The doctor advised me to eat apple everyday.
(A) the (B) an (C) zero article (D) little
91. your jacket.
(A) Take down (B) Take off (C) Take away (D) Take into
92. Would you like to go the cinema tonight ?
(A) for (B) in (C) to (D) of
93. My friend has been living in Canada two years.
(A) since (B) for (C) after (D) in
94. Parents their children with love and affection.
(A) bring out (B) bring into (C) bring up (D) bring in
95. He my name. **UOKonline.com**
(A) called on (B) called out (C) called in (D) called off
96. We obey the rules.
(A) shall (B) may (C) can (D) must
97. There were only students in the class-room.
(A) few (B) a few (C) any (D) little
98. Pour milk into the glass.
(A) little (B) a little (C) some (D) few
99. Promises should be
(A) had kept (B) kept (C) was kept (D) kept up
100. Mohan threw the ball tho well.
(A) in (B) along (C) into (D) after

